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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/845,938	04/30/2001	Alexander V. Kabanov	3874-129 US	3307
26817	7590 12/13/2005		EXAMINER	
MATHEWS, SHEPHERD, MCKAY, & BRUNEAU, P.A.			LI, QIAN JANICE	
100 THANET CIRCLE, SUITE 306 PRINCETON, NJ 08540			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1633	

DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/845,938	KABANOV ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Q. Janice Li, M.D.	1632				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 9/19/0	05.					
·_ ·	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 29,31,32,34,36-40,70-73 and 75-77 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>29,31,32,34,36-40,70-73 and 75-77</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
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Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
American (C)						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

The amendment filed 9/19/05 has been entered. Claims 30, 33, 35 have been canceled. Claims 29, 31, 32, 34 have been amended. Claims 29, 31, 32, 34, 36-40, 70-73, 75-77 are pending and under current examination.

Unless otherwise indicated, previous rejections that have been rendered moot in view of the amendment to pending claims will not be reiterated. The arguments in 9/19/05 response would be addressed to the extent that they apply to current rejection.

## Specification

Applicant amended instant specification, claiming priority from a provisional application US 60/260,806.

The newly submitted benefit of priority claim does not comply with the requirement set forth in 37 CFR 1.78 (a)(5), because the specific reference to any prior provisional application must be submitted during the pendency of the application, and within the later of four months from the actual filing date of the application or sixteen months from the filing date of the prior application. This time period is not extendable (37 CFR § 1.78 (2) ii). If the reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) and paragraph (a)(5) of this section is presented in a nonprovisional application after the time period provided by paragraph (a)(5)(ii) of this section, the claim under 35 U.S.C.119(e) for the benefit of a prior filed provisional application may be accepted during the pendency of the later-filed application if the reference identifying the prior-filed application by

provisional application number was unintentionally delayed. A <u>petition</u> to accept an unintentionally delayed claim under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) for the benefit of a prior-filed provisional application must be filed as required by 37 CFR 1.78 (a)(6).

## Claim Objections

Claim 37 is objected to because it is identified as "currently amended", yet no amendment has been made.

Claims 38, 71, and 73 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

The prior rejection of Claims 29-40, 70-73, 75-77 under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by *Manthorpe et al* (US 2002/0,019,358), is <u>withdrawn</u> in view of the

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claim amendment and because *Manthorpe et al* do not teach the specific combination of block copolymers.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 29, 31, 32, 34, 36-40, 70-73, and 75-77 <u>stand</u> rejected and the rejection has been modified under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Carson et al* (US 5,830,877), or *Mathiowitz et al* (US 6,677,313) and *Kabanov et al* (5,656,611), further in view of *Kabanov et al* (6,387,406), for reasons of record and following.

In view of persuasive argument, *Alakhov* reference has been removed from the base of this rejection.

Manthorpe et al reference has been removed from the base of this rejection because it does not teach the specific combination of block copolymers.

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Applicants argued that *Kabanov* '406 does not teach formulations for the administration of nucleic acids or for the activation of dendritic cells.

In response, *Kabanov et al* (6,387,406) teach formulations for both polypeptide and nucleic acid, see for example, column 7, lines 35-36. *Kabanov et al* also taught the effects on solution behavior when combining two hydrophilic Pluronic copolymers such as the Pluronic F127 and L61 at different experimental condition (e.g. example 35). Thus, it is within the levels of the skill in the art to determine which combination and concentration of the copolymers would fit the need for delivering a polynucleotide. As to the ability of activating dendritic cells by a polynucleotide encoding an antigen and a cytokine, it was taught by *Carson et al* or *Mathiowitz et al*.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). In the instant case, the conclusion is based on only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and thus proper.

#### **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the

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unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 29, 31, 32, 34, 36-40, 70-73, 75-77 <u>stand</u> rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 2, 3, 13, 18, 21, and 23 of U.S. Patent No. 6,359,054.

Applicants asserted that the rejection is moot in view of current claim amendments.

In response, the amended claims are drawn to a formulation comprising a polynucleotide, a block copolymer Pluronic F127 and L61, and a polycationic polymer, which is fully taught in the cited patent. For example, the abstract states, "The present invention relates to a novel method for producing formulations comprising a polynucleotide, block copolymer and cationic surfactant"; and the table in column 46 indicates the preference of Pluronic F127 and L61 block copolymer. Accordingly, the rejection stands.

Applicants further indicate they elect to defer resolution of this rejection until a later time and acknowledged the willingness to file a terminal disclaimer if necessary.

Until then, for reasons of record and set forth above, the rejection stands.

#### Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Q. Janice Li** whose telephone number is 571-272-0730. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 am - 7 p.m., Monday through Friday, except every other Wednesday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Dave T. Nguyen** can be reached on 571-272-0731. The **fax** numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are **571-273-8300**.

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Any inquiry of formal matters can be directed to the patent analyst, **Victor Barlow**, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0506.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to (571) 272-0547.

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For all other customer support, please call the USPTO Call Center (UCC) at 800-

786-9199.

Q. JANICE LI, M.D. PRIMARY EXAMINES

Q. Janice Li, M.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1633

QJL

December 1, 2005